

Data Sheet

Customer:

Product: Aluminum Solid Electrolytic Capacitors – AREC Series

Sizes.: 0509/0608/0609/0610/0612/0808/0809/0812/1012

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Features

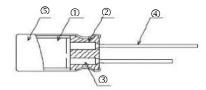
-Super low ESR, high ripple current capability

Rated voltage : 2.5~25VdcEndurance : 2,000 hours at 105°C

-Suitable for DC-DC converters , voltage regulators and decoupling applications

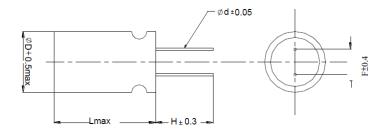
 $- \\ \hbox{RoHS Compliant}$

Construction



1	Element	4	Lead Wire
2	Seal	(5)	Case
3	Aluminum Tab		

Dimensions



Unit: mm

Туре	D Max.	L Max.	d	F	Н
AREC0509	5.0+0.5	9.0	0.50±0.05	2.0±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREC0608	6.3+0.5	8.0	0.60±0.05	2.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREC0609	6.3+0.5	9.0	0.60±0.05	2.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREC0610	6.3+0.5	10.0	0.60±0.05	2.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREC0612	6.3+0.5	12.0	0.60±0.05	2.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREC0808	8.0+0.5	8.0	0.60±0.05	3.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREC0809	8.0+0.5	9.0	0.60±0.05	3.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREC0812	8.0+0.5	12.0	0.60±0.05	3.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREC1012	10.0+0.5	12.0	0.60±0.05	5.0±0.4	3.2±0.3

Marking

The color of marking ink is red



(1)	Polarity	(4)	Production Period Code
(2)	Series	(5)	Rated Capacitance
(3)	Year Code	(6)	Rated Voltage
	EX:V-2015(WX),W-2016(WX)		

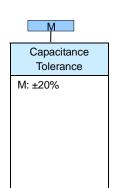
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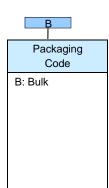


■Product Identification

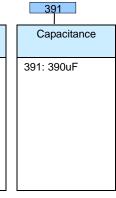


0509
Dimensions (DxL)
0509: 5.0x9.0
0608: 6.3x8.0
0609: 6.3x9.0
0610: 6.3x10.0
0612: 6.3x12.0
0808: 8.0x8.0
0809: 8.0x9.0
0812: 8.0x12.0
1012: 10.0x12.0









■Standard Ratings

Part No.	Rated Voltage	Surge Voltage	Capacitance (uF)	Leakage Current (uA)	tan δ	ESR (mΩmax/20°C, 100K to 300KHz)	Rated Ripple Current (mArms/105℃ 100KHz
AREC0509MB2V5391	2.5	2.9	390	500	0.1	7	4180
AREC0509MB2V5561	2.5	2.9	560	500	0.1	7	4180
AREC0609MB2V5561	2.5	2.9	560	500	0.1	7	5000
AREC0809MB2V5561	2.5	2.9	560	500	0.1	7	6100
AREC0608MB2V5821	2.5	2.9	820	500	0.1	7	5000
AREC0609MB2V5821	2.5	2.9	820	500	0.1	7	5000
AREC0809MB2V5821	2.5	2.9	820	500	0.1	7	6100
AREC0809MB2V5102	2.5	2.9	1000	500	0.1	7	6100
AREC0809MB2V5122	2.5	2.9	1200	600	0.1	7	6100
AREC0812MB2V5152	2.5	2.9	1500	750	0.1	7	6100
AREC1012MB2V5152	2.5	2.9	1500	750	0.1	7	6640
AREC1012MB2V5222	2.5	2.9	2200	1100	0.1	7	6640
AREC0609MB4V0561	4.0	4.6	560	500	0.1	7	5000
AREC0809MB4V0561	4.0	4.6	560	500	0.1	7	6100
AREC1012MB4V0821	4.0	4.6	820	656	0.1	7	6640
AREC0809MB4V0122	4.0	4.6	1200	960	0.1	7	6100
AREC1012MB4V0122	4.0	4.6	1200	960	0.1	7	6640
AREC0509MB6V3331	6.3	7.2	330	500	0.1	8	4050
AREC0609MB6V3331	6.3	7.2	330	500	0.1	8	4700
AREC0509MB6V3391	6.3	7.2	390	500	0.1	8	4050
AREC0609MB6V3471	6.3	7.2	470	592	0.1	8	4700
AREC0809MB6V3471	6.3	7.2	470	592	0.1	8	5700
AREC0608MB6V3561	6.3	7.2	560	705	0.1	8	4700
AREC0609MB6V3561	6.3	7.2	560	705	0.1	8	4700
AREC0809MB6V3561	6.3	7.2	560	705	0.1	7	5100
AREC0609MB6V3681	6.3	7.2	680	857	0.1	8	4700
AREC0809MB6V3681	6.3	7.2	680	857	0.1	7	6100
AREC0609MB6V3821	6.3	7.2	820	1033	0.1	8	4700
AREC0610MB6V3821	6.3	7.2	820	1033	0.1	8	4700
AREC0809MB6V3821	6.3	7.2	820	1033	0.1	7	6100
AREC0812MB6V3821	6.3	7.2	820	1033	0.1	12	4710
AREC1012MB6V3821	6.3	7.2	820	1033	0.1	7	6640
AREC0612MB6V3102	6.3	7.2	1000	1260	0.1	8	4700
AREC0812MB6V3102	6.3	7.2	1000	1260	0.1	12	6100
AREC1012MB6V3102	6.3	7.2	1000	1260	0.1	7	6640
AREC1012MB6V3152	6.3	7.2	1500	1890	0.1	7	6640

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Aluminum Solid Electrolytic Capacitors

Part No.	Rated Voltage	Surge Voltage	Capacitance (uF)	Leakage Current (uA)	tan δ	ESR (mΩmax/20℃, 100K to 300KHz)	Rated Ripple Current (mArms/105℃ 100KHz
AREC0609MB6V8331	6.8	7.8	330	500	0.1	8	4700
AREC0609MB6V8471	6.8	7.8	470	639	0.1	8	4700
AREC0609MB6V8561	6.8	7.8	560	762	0.1	8	4700
AREC0609MB6V8681	6.8	7.8	680	925	0.1	8	4700
AREC0610MB6V8821	6.8	7.8	820	1115	0.1	8	4700
AREC0609MB100271	10.0	11.5	270	540	0.1	18	3100
AREC0812MB100271	10.0	11.5	270	540	0.1	9	5510
AREC0609MB100471	10.0	11.5	470	940	0.1	10	4500
AREC1012MB100471	10.0	11.5	470	940	0.1	9	5650
AREC0812MB100681	10.0	11.5	680	1360	0.1	9	5510
AREC0812MB100821	10.0	11.5	820	1640	0.1	9	5510
AREC1012MB100102	10.0	11.5	1000	2000	0.1	9	5650
AREC0812MB160181	16.0	18.4	180	576	0.1	10	5230
AREC0609MB160271	16.0	18.4	270	864	0.1	15	3800
AREC0809MB160271	16.0	18.4	270	864	0.1	10	5000
AREC0812MB160271	16.0	18.4	270	864	0.1	10	5230
AREC0808MB160331	16.0	18.4	330	1056	0.1	10	5000
AREC0809MB160331	16.0	18.4	330	1056	0.1	10	5000
AREC0812MB160331	16.0	18.4	330	1056	0.1	10	5230
AREC1012MB160331	16.0	18.4	330	1056	0.1	10	6100
AREC0809MB160471	16.0	18.4	470	1505	0.1	16	4000
AREC0812MB160471	16.0	18.4	470	1505	0.1	10	5230
AREC1012MB160471	16.0	18.4	470	1505	0.1	10	6100
AREC1012MB160681	16.0	18.4	680	2176	0.1	10	6100
AREC1012MB160821	16.0	18.4	820	2624	0.1	10	6100
AREC1012MB160102	16.0	18.4	1000	3200	0.1	12	5400
AREC0809MB250181	25.0	28.8	180	900	0.1	18	3770
AREC0812MB250181	25.0	28.8	180	900	0.1	16	4650
AREC0812MB250221	25.0	28.8	220	1100	0.1	16	4650
AREC1012MB250331	25.0	28.8	330	1650	0.1	14	5000
AREC1012MB250471	25.0	28.8	470	2350	0.1	14	5000

[■]Category temperature range: -55~+105°C

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These current are rms values of sine wave of 100KHz at 105 $\!\!\!\!^{\circ}\!\!\!\!^{\circ}$

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[■]Surge voltage: rated voltage*1.15

[■]Rated ripple current: Rated ripple current shall be in accordance with standard ratings list.



■Environmental Characteristics

General

Item	Specifications
Measurement condition	Each measurement shall be conducted at a temperature of 15 to 35 °C, and relative humidity of 45 to 85%. Furthermore, these measurements shall be preferably conducted at a temperature of 20±2 °C, and relative humidity of 60 to 70%, while the capacitors shall be kept enough time in the measuring temperature.
Voltage treatment	If leakage current is doubtful, measure it after performing voltage treatment, which shall contain the following steps: (1) Applied DC rated voltage to the capacitors for 60 minutes at 105±2 °C. (2) Cooled down to room temperature with applying voltage. (3) Discharged through a resistor of approximately 1Ω/V.

Electrical Performance Test

Item	Requirement	Test Condition		
Tolerance on Rated Capacitance	In Within specified tolerance	Rated capacitance shall meet within $\pm 20\%$ tolerance against the rated capacitance measured at 120Hz $\pm 10\%$ at 20 $\pm 2\%$.		
Leakage current	In accordance within electrical specification	DC rated voltage shall be applied between anode and cathode lead wire terminations of a capacitor through 1k Ω protective resistance, and the leakage current shall be less than or equal to the value listed in accordance with electrical specification after 2 minutes with the voltage reaching the rated value at 20±2 $^{\circ}$ C. If the value is doubtful, measure the leakage current after performing voltage treatment as follows Voltage treatment		
Tangent of loss angle ($ an \delta$)	In accordance within electrical specification	At 120Hz±10% at 20±2℃.		
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)	In accordance within electrical specification	Equipment: Agilent technology 4263B or equivalent Test fixture: Agilent technology 16047E or equivalent Compensation: Short and open compensation would be required, Short correction is performed using the shorting plate made of 0.5 thickness copper plate with gold coating Signal level: 500mV Frequency: 100KHz Measurement point: Point of lead wire within 1mm form the body		
Impedance at high and low temperature		at -55±3℃ or 105±2℃, 100kHz		

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Mechanical Characteristies Test

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Item	Requirement		Test Condition	
Pull Strength Load of Lead Wire Terminations	No mechanical damage shall be observed	With the body of a cathe load listed shall lits draw out direction held for 10±1 second Pull strength load of Case diameter 4mm 6.3mm 8mm 10mm	be applied to the lean, gradually up to the s.	e specified value and
Bending Strength of Lead Wire Terminations	No mechanical damage shall be observed	Bending strength loal lead wire termination bent 900 and return shall be performed shall be bent 90° at original position at sa Bending strength of Case diameter 4mm 6.3mm 8mm 10mm	n, and the body of a to its original posi- around 2 to 3 secon the opposite direction ame speed	a capacitor shall be tion. This operation nds. Then the body on and return to its
Vibration	No visible damage	amplitude of 1.5mm Vibration applied to a which each perpendaxis of capacitor set direction. During this stabilized when that minutes before compatthe point of 4mr Figure 1.	and return to 10Hz a capacitor should be dicular to the other as z axis, and last test, measured electroapacitor is measured electroapacitor of test. A cap or less from the	two as longitudinal for 2 hours in each strical value shall be ed 5 times within 30 pacitor shall be fixed
Solderability		A lead wire terminat the flux of ethanol colophonium. Then immersed to a solde	ion shall be dipped or isopropylalcohol that lead wire te r (H60A, H60S or H 2.0mm from the boo	solution (25±2%) of rminations shall be
Resistance to Soldering Heat	Capacitance change: within $\pm 5\%$ of the value before test tan δ & Leakage current: Not exceed than the value within electrical specification Visual: no remarkable abnormality	A Capacitor shall be having a thickness of from the body. The dipped for 5 to 10 (25±2%) of colophor shall be immersed to 260±5 and up to the kept for 10±1second	of 1.6mm up to the en the lead wire to seconds in the flux nium. And then the loo the solder (H60A, e point of the Printe	point 1.5 to 2.0mm ermination shall be of ethanol solution ead wire termination H60S or H63A) of
Resistance to Solvent	Marking: easily readable Appearance: not appear any abnormality	A Capacitor shall isopropylalcohol at 2		30±5 seconds in ull it out

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Environmental Performance Test

Item	Requirements	Test Condition		
Damp Heat, Steady State		A capacitor shall be subjected to a temperature of 60±2°C and relative humidity of 90 to 95% without voltage applied for a period of 1000+24/-0 hours. Then that capacitor shall be taken out from the above condition to a temperature of 20°C		
Endurance	Appearance: No significant damage	A capacitor shall be subjected to a temperature of $105\pm2^{\circ}$ C with test voltage applied for a period of 2,000+72/-0 hours and take out from the above condition to a temperature of 20 $^{\circ}$ C . Besides, the applied voltage shall increase up from 0V to test voltage step by step (maximum 5 minutes), and the impedance of the source shall be equal to about $3\Omega/V$.		
Surge Voltage	Capacitance change: $\leq \pm 20\%$ of the initial value tan δ & ESR: $\leq 150\%$ of the initial specified value Leakage current: \leq the initial specified value	when the capacitors are restored to +20°C after the surge voltage is applied at a cycle of 360 seconds which consists charge for 30±5 seconds through a protective resistor of 1kΩ and discharge for 330 seconds, for 1000 cycles at 105±2°C © DC voltmeter R1:Protective resistor 1kΩ R2:Discharging resistor 1kΩ Cx:Capacitor under test Surge voltage circuit		
Rapid Temperature Change	Appearance: No significant damage Capacitance change: ≤±20% of the initial value tan ō & ESR:≤the initial specified value Leakage current: ≤the initial specified value	The characteristics of a capacitor kept under the temperature cycle indicated in Figure 2 for 5 cycles and followed the voltage treatment as follows Voltage treatment 105°C 55°C Figure 2 Rapid temperature change profile		

■ Packing Quantity

Туре	PE Bag(EA)	Inner Box(EA)
AREC0509	500	4,000
AREC0608	500	6,000
AREC0609	500	6,000
AREC0610	500	3,000
AREC0612	500	3,000
AREC0808	500	3,000
AREC0809	500	3,000
AREC0812	500	2,000
AREC1012	500	2,000

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■Instructions of Capacitors

1. Cautions on use of Capacitor

Polarity

Solid electrolytic capacitors are polarized capacitors. Use capacitors after verifying their positive and negative polarities. If these capacitors are installed in the reverse polarity, its life may shorten because of increasing leakage current or short circuit.

- Types of circuits in which capacitors are prohibited from being used AREC series may be heated by soldering to increase in its leakage current slightly. This may have some influence on the characteristics capacitors in the following circuits.
- (1) Time constant circuit
- (2) Coupling circuit
- (3) High impedance voltage holding circuit
- (4) Connection of two or more capacitors in series for higher withstand voltage.

Over voltage

If AREC series is applied a voltage higher than the rated voltage for an instantaneous period, it may be defected due to short circuit. Note that the voltage over the rated voltage must not be applied to capacitors

Repeat of rapid charging and discharging

If AREC series is used in a rapid charging and discharging circuit or receive the flow of excess rush current, its life may shorten by large leakage current or short circuit. The charging and discharging current through AREC series should be less than 10A.

Soldering

Capacitors should be soldered under the soldering conditions defined in the delivery specifications. Some improper soldering condition may cause the leakage current of capacitors to increase or other parameters to change.

Use of capacitors for industrial equipment

When capacitors are used for industrial equipment, the circuits should be designed to have sufficient margins in the ratings of capacitors including capacitance and impedance. Without sufficient margins in the characteristics, the reliability of the capacitors may be reduced by their shorter life. Always contact us if you want to use capacitors for equipment affecting human lives such as space, aviation, atomic power, and medical devices. Never use capacitors for the used without our prior approval.

2. Notes on circuit designs for capacitors

■Rating and performance

Use capacitors within the rating and performance ranges defined in the brochures and delivery specification of capacitors after checking the operating and installation environments.

Operating temperature

If AREC series is used at a temperature higher than the upper specified temperature (105oC), its life may be remarkably shortened or the leakage current may increase to cause defective.

Ripple current

Never make current larger than the rated ripple current through AREC series. If excess ripple current flows through AREC series, internal heat may be generated largely to make its life shortened or cause it to be defected due to short circuit.

Leakage current

Depending on the soldering conditions, the leakage current of AREC series may increase slightly. The application of DC voltage enables the capacitors to be repaired by itself. This leads the leakage current to be smaller gradually. The leakage current can be reduced fast if the DC voltage, which is less than the rating voltage, is applied at the temperature close to the upper specified temperature.

Applied voltage

- (1) To secure the reliability of capacitors, it is recommended that the voltage applied to them should be less than 80% of the rated voltage.
- (2) The peak value of the ripple voltage superimposed with the DC voltage should be less than the rated voltage.

Failure mode

AREC series contains a conductive polymer as material of cathode electrode. Therefore, like other solid electrolyte capacitors, the life ends mostly due to random failure mode, mainly short circuit. If a current continuously flow through the capacitor due to short circuit, the capacitor would be overheated higher than 300°C and then aluminum case of the capacitor would be removed by increasing internal pressure due to the vaporization of materials.

Insulation

- (1) Plastic coated case of capacitors is not secured to insulate. Do not use capacitors in areas requiring insulation.
- (2) Isolate the case of AREC series from the positive and negative terminals and adjacent circuit patterns.

Design of printed circuit board

Take note on the following subjects when capacitors are installed on printed circuit boards:

- (1) Verify that the lead spacing fit hole pitches on printed circuit board.
- (2) Do not place heating components on boards to be close to capacitors or in the backside of them.
- (3) If capacitors are mounted on a double-sided PC board, design the board so that extra or through holes may not be opened below them.

Parallel connection

If AREC series is connected with another type of a capacitor in parallel, larger ripple current may flow through one of capacitors. Take the current balance among them into account in circuit designs.

Using temperature and frequency

The electric characteristics of capacitors depend on the variations of the ambient temperature and frequency. Check the variations in designing circuits.

3. Notes on installation of capacitors

■Notes on pre-installation of capacitors

- (1) Do not reuse capacitors installed in a unit with the power supply turned on for another unit. No used capacitors shall be reused excluding those removed to measure their electric characteristics in periodical inspection.
- (2) If AREC series stored for a long period may often increase in its leakage current, connect a resistor of approximately $1k\Omega$ to the capacitors for voltage treatment.

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Notes at installation of capacitors

- (1) Install capacitors in a unit after confirming that their ratings (rated capacitance and rated voltages) meet the conditions of the unit.
- (2) Install capacitors in the correct polarities.
- (3) Take care not to drop capacitors on floors. Do not use capacitors dropped on floors.
- (4) Do not deform capacitors to install them in units.
- (5) Install AREC series on a printed circuit board after confirming that its lead pitch is equivalent to the corresponding hole pitch.
- (6) At the picking, mounting, and locating by an automatic inserter or the cutting of the leads of AREC series by an automatic mounter, some stress may be applied to the AREC series. Take note on the shock.
- (7) Do not apply any excess force with the terminals of capacitors.

Heating

In preheating or heating for adhesion and fixing of other electronic components, the temperature put to capacitors should be less than 120°C. The total heating period should be shorter the 90 seconds.

Soldering by soldering iron

- (1) Capacitors should be soldered under the conditions as follows:
 - The iron tip at the temperature of 400±10°C or less may be put to each lead of AREC series for shorter than 3+1 seconds.
- (2) The lead wire terminations of capacitors may be required to be processed because the distance between the terminals is not equivalent to that of corresponding holes on the printed circuit board. Process the terminations so that no stress may be applied to the capacitors itself before soldering.
- (3) Do not make the tip of a soldering iron be in contact with capacitors themselves.
- (4) The leakage current of soldered capacitors may increase slightly depending on several conditions including pre-heating, soldering temperature and period, and board material and thickness. However, the leakage current decreases gradually by the self-repair characteristic of capacitors when they are used with voltage application.

Flow soldering

- (1) Do not dip capacitors themselves into melted solder in soldering. Only provide soldering for the board surface in the backside of the surface on which the capacitors are mount
- (2) Solder capacitors under the soldering conditions as follows.
- (a) Pre-heat condition: atmosphere temperature 120°C or less for up to 90 seconds
- (b) Soldering condition: solder temperature 260°C or less for up to 10 seconds.
- (3) Note that flux may not adhere to any substances except lead wires.
- (4) Do not make any other components fallen at capacitors in soldering.

■ Handling of capacitors after soldering

- (1) Do not incline, bend, and twist capacitors.
- (2) Do not grab capacitors as a handle to carry the printed circuit board.
- (3) Do not hit objects against capacitors. When printed circuit boards are piled up, do not make them and/or other components be in contact with capacitors.
- (4) Do not drop printed circuit boards with capacitors installed.

Cleaning of printed circuit board

As long as the cleaning agents prescribed in the catalogue or the specification sheets are used, the cleaning does not give the capacitors any damage. For CFCs substitutions and other cleaning agents, consult us before actual use.

Fixing and coating materials

Contact us for fixing and coating materials appropriate for capacitors and their heat curing conditions.

4. Notes on use of capacitors in unit

- (1) Never make your fingers contact with the lead wire terminations of capacitors.
- (2) Do not make lead wire terminations of AREC series to be in contact with each other through a conductor. Do not put conductive liquid such as acid and alkali solutions on capacitors.
- (3) Confirm that the unit including capacitors is placed in proper conditions. Do not place the unit in the following areas:
 - (a) Area in which they are directly exposed to water, brine, or oil or in condensation status.
 - (b) Area filled with poisonous gases including hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid, nitrous acid, chlorine and ammonia.
 - (c) Area to which ultraviolet and/or radial rays are radiated
- (4) Provide aging for a unit containing capacitors within the period defined for them.
- (5) It is recommended to use a unit containing capacitors in the normal temperature range of 15°C to 35°C and the normal humidity range of 75% or less.

5. Action at emergency

- (1) At the occurrence of short circuit in AREC series, some heat is generated from it if the short-current rather small. If the short current exceeds the above value, the capacitors is heated excessively. If so, turn off the power of the unit without your face and hands being close to the capacitors.
- (2) Never lick the electrolyte of conductive polymer in capacitors. If the electrolyte is put on your skin, wash it away carefully with soap.
- (3) The materials of seal rubber used for capacitors are flammable. If an adjacent component is burned, seal rubber of the capacitors may burn. Take sufficient note on the installation procedures and locations of capacitors and the pattern designs of printed circuit boards.

Storage

- (1) Store capacitors in an area in the temperature range between 15°C to 35°C and the relative humidity of 75% or less without direct sunshine. In addition, store them in the package states if possible.
- (2) Capacitors should be stored for up to one year to maintain their good soldering features and characteristics.
- (3) Capacitors are recommended that you shall open the bag just before use and capacitors shall be used up. If some quantity was not need, please seal it with adhesive tape
- (4) Never store capacitors in any area in which they are directly exposed to water, brine, or oil or in condensation status.
- (5) Never store capacitors in any area filled with poisonous gases including hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid, nitrous acid, chlorine, and ammonia.
- (6) Never store capacitors in any area to which ultraviolet and/or radial rays are radiated.

7. Exhaustion of capacitors

Capacitors are composed of organic compounds, resins and metals. Request an industrial dispose company to dispose of used capacitors.

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